Toxic food: a global challenge



are attributed to aflatoxin. The rate of liver cancer in Africa is up to 60 times higher than that of the United States. Chronic exposure to the poison weakens immune systems in humans and animals. It leads to nutrition-related chronic diseases in adulthood. Children in countries that rely on a maize-based diet are exposed to aflatoxin through the food they eat or as infants through mother's milk. Long-term exposure causes stunting in children. Stunting goes beyond impaired growth to include poor cognitive and organ development.

LumoVision will help save lives and reduce food waste



Sources: International Agency for Research on Cancer; Global Burden of Aflatoxin-Induced Hepatocellular Carcinoma; Food and Agricultural Organization of the United Nations; Benedict Deefholts, Senior Research Engineer at Bühler. Infographic by: Daniel Röttele



Innovations for a better world.